

1814

1912 Dates J-BK

America

Treaty of Ghent

1814

1912 Dates. J-BK

Italy  
The Kingdom of Two Sicilies  
was restored.

Mar. 31, 1814

1912 Dates J-BK

(1742-1819) GERHARD LEBERECNT BLUCHER  
(Blücher)

Prussian field marshal.

Born at Rostock. Served for brief time  
in Swedish Army, before entering the Prussian.  
Fought in many actions against the French  
1806- Compelled to surrender after the fall  
of LÜBECK, but soon exchanged for  
the French general VICTOR.

1813- Given Chief Command in SILESIA

Oct 19, 1813 - Victor's army enters LEIPZIG.

received word of Fried's marriage

Mar 31, 1814 Learning the French desert

the River, the officer ordered Paris 3/31/14

His timely appearance at the battle

of Waterloo contributed largely toward

the victory that day.

1814 - Ried with great enthusiasm in England  
1814 - Under Ried's command during of Paris.

Frederick William III visited him

Prince of WAHLSTADT and visited  
the order of the Iron Cross in his honor.

Apr 5, 1814

1912 Lates. J-BK

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NAPOLEON I of France  
was compelled to abdicate.

Aug. 24, 1814

1912 Dates J-BK

BLADENSBURG

In Prince George County, Md.; 6 miles  
northwest of Washington on Aug 24, 1814 a  
British force of 5,000 under General Ross  
and Admiral Cockburn defeated  
3,500 untrained Americans under  
General Winder. The English lost 500  
The Americans lost 76

1814

1912 Dates J-BK

*Canada*

*Treaty of GHEAT*

1814

1912 Dates J-BK

Canada

Americans gave up attempts  
to conquer Canada



Sep. 12, 1814

15126165 J-BK

### NORTH POINT

After leaving Washington, D.C. General Ross and his British Army embarked for Baltimore. They landed at NORTH POINT, about 12 mi from Baltimore, where they were met by 3,200 Americans under General STRICKER. The battle continued for 4 hours and resulted in the retreat of the Americans to Baltimore.

Apr. 10, 1814

1912 Dates J-BK

TOULOUSE, France

The last of Wellington's peninsular battles during the Napoleonic War was fought at Toulouse, where he defeated SOULT, the French leader.

June 28, 1814

1912 Dates J-BK

2nd Sloop of War WASP

While the WASP was cruising in the English Channel she fell in with the British sloop REINDEER and after a brief engagement, the latter struck her colors

Sep 1, 1814

1912 Dates. J-BK

Ind ship-of-War Wasp  
the Wasp Captured the British Avon  
After a fight of 2 hours.

Oct. 9, 1814

1912 Dates J-BK

2nd Sloop - of - War WASP

On Oct 9, 1814 the ADONIS, a Swedish  
brig, was overpowered by the WASP,  
and 2 Americans from the Essex  
were taken off. Nothing was ever  
heard from the Wasp again after  
this encounter

1814-1824

1912 Dates J-BK

France

Louis XVIII

1814-1815

1912 Dates J-BK

France

Congress of Vienna

1814

Clark's map and edited journals  
were published



1814

William Clark's great map of  
the American West was  
published in 1814. It literally  
redrew the map of the continent

1814-1817

Joseph von Fraunhofer produced a more complete discussion and interpretation of dark lines in spectra. He devoted his career to the quantitative analysis of spectra and to the construction of optical devices that generate them.

Between 1814 & 1817 he discovered that when passed through a prism

the light of certain leaves produced  
patterns of lines that resembled what  
he had found in the same spectrum,  
which in turn resembled lines found in  
the spectra of many stars (including  
Capella, one of the brightest

1814-1815

1912 Dates J-BK

was with the GURK HAS of NEPAL

Dec. 23, 1814

1912 Dates J-BK

## VILLERE'S PLANTATION

After their victory on Lake BORGNE, the British, at once started for New Orleans. As soon as the Americans learned of their movements, a detachment of 1,800 troops was sent to check their march. The British were within 9 mi of New Orleans when the Schooner Carolina opened fire, killing many of the invaders. The conflict lasted till

evening, when Jack Curcio left the  
field. The Americans lost 213 men; the  
Rusk 450 men.

1814-1833

1912 Dates J-BK

Ferdinand VII

Spain & Portugal  
was king.

1815

Stratigraphic geology  
established 1815 by English  
geologist William Smith (1769-1839)



1815-1818

Sam Houston served in  
U.S. Army.

June 18, 1815

After the Battle of Waterloo, June 18, 1815, the British Commander-in-Chief Commissioned Captain William Siborne to supervise the making of a model of the famous site. Capt. Siborne completed it in 1838 at his own expense when he did not receive the funding he had been promised. On a scale of 9 ft to 1 mile, it measures

about 18 ft 29 and contains approx.  
190,000 figures, each about  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. high.  
It is now displaying at Whitehall in  
London.